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APPLICATION NO).	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/828,943		04/21/2004	Fred D. Griss	GRISF122500	7168	
26389	7590	01/07/2005		EXAMINER		
		•	HNSON, KINDNESS, PLLC	PARSLEY, DAVID J		
1420 FIFT SUITE 280		NUE		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
SEATTLE	, WA	98101-2347		3643		
				DATE MAILED: 01/07/200	5	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			11
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
067	10/828,943	GRISS, FRED D.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	David J Parsley	3643	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period or Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (3 will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH by cause the application to become ABAN	y be timely filed 30) days will be considered timely. S from the mailing date of this communication DONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ation.
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22 O	october 2004.		
	action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for alloware closed in accordance with the practice under E	•	·	s is
Disposition of Claims			
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-7 and 9-13 is/are pending in the ap 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-7 and 9-13 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on 21 April 2004 is/are: a)		d to by the Evenine	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	_ , ,_ ,	•	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	= ' '	, ,	21(d)
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex		•	• •
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 	s have been received. s have been received in App rity documents have been re u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	lication No ceived in this National Stage	
Attachment(s)	Λ. Π	(DTO 442)	
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		nmary (PTO-413) Nail Date	
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date		rmal Patent Application (PTO-152)	

Application/Control Number: 10/828,943

Art Unit: 3643

Page 2

Detailed Action

Amendment

1. This office action is in response to applicant's amendment dated 10-22-04 and this action is non-final.

Claim Objections

2. Claim 6 is objected to because of the following informalities: in line 2 "...from to 0.025 inch 0.04 inch." should be - -from 0.025 inches to 0.04 inches.- - Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No.

2,982,049 to Yost or U.S. Patent No. 5,881,490 to Richardson.

Application/Control Number: 10/828,943 Page 3

Art Unit: 3643

Referring to claim 1, Yost and Richardson disclose a fishing lure, comprising a shaft – at 22 or proximate 31' of Yost and – at 12 of Richardson, connected at one end to a hook – at 12-20 or 12'-20' of Yost and – at 20-24 or 26-28 of Richardson, a bead – at 24 or 26 or 24' or 26' of Yost and – at 40 of Richardson, having an opening sized to receive the shaft and slide freely thereon – see for example figures 1-2 of Yost and the drawing figure of Richardson, a wire – at 30-32 or 30'-32' of Yost and – at 34-38 of Richardson, connected at a first end to the shaft between the hook and the bead – see figures 1-2 of Yost and the drawing figure of Richardson, the second end of the wire extending through the opening of the bead – see figures 1-2 of Yost and the drawing figure of Richardson, a tube – at 26 or 28 or 26' or 28' of Yost and – at 30 of Richardson, covering the shaft between the hook and the bead and the second end of the wire adapted to be wrapped around a bait positioned on the tube to hold the bait on the tube while fishing – see for example figures 1-2 and column 2 lines 7-69 of Yost and the drawing figure and column 3 lines 5-57 of Richardson.

Claims 2, 5 and 12-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Richardson.

Referring to claim 2, Richardson discloses the wire is metal and of a material and gauge such that after it is wrapped around the bait it maintains its wrapped shape without the second end being anchored – see for example column 1 lines 56-67, column 2 lines 1-4 and column 3 lines 5-57.

Referring to claim 5, Richardson discloses the shaft – at 12 is formed of stainless steel – see for example columns 1-2.

Referring to claim 12, Richardson discloses a fishing lure comprising a means for holding bait thereon – at 30-40, comprising a tube – at 30, having a surface on which the bait may be mounted and a metal wire – at 34-38, connected at one end to the lure and its free end wrapped around the bait to hold it in place on the surface – see for example column 1 lines 56-67, column 2 lines 1-4 and column 3 lines 5-57.

Referring to claim 13, Richardson discloses the metal wire – at 34-38, is formed of a material and has a diameter such that when deformed it maintains its new shape so that when it is wrapped around the bait it holds the bait in place on the surface of without its free end being anchored and without the use of fish hooks piercing the bait – see for example the drawing figure and column 3 lines 5-57.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 2-3 and 5-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yost as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Richardson. Yost further discloses the wire is of a material and gauge such that after it is wrapped around the bait it maintains its wrapped shape without the second end being anchored – see for example figure 2. Yost does not disclose the wire is metal. Richardson does disclose the wire – at 34-38, is metal – see for example

column 1 lines 56-67 and column 2 lines 1-4. Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to take the device of Yost and add the metal wire of Richardson, so as to allow for the device to be strong and durable for repeated use.

Referring to claim 3, Yost as modified by Richardson does not disclose the wire is floral wire having a diameter from 18 gauge to 32 gauge. However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to take the device of Yost as modified by Richardson and use 18 to 32 gauge wire, so as to allow for the device to be both flexible and durable.

Referring to claim 5, Yost does not disclose the shaft is formed of stainless steel.

Richardson does disclose the shaft – at 12 is formed of stainless steel – see for example columns

1-2. Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to take the device of Yost and add the stainless steel shaft of Richardson, so as to allow for the shaft to be less likely to erode in water.

Referring to claim 6, Yost as modified by Richardson does not disclose the shaft diameter is between 0.04 to 0.25 inches. However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to take the device of Yost as modified by Richardson and add the shaft diameter of .04 to .25 inches in diameter, so as to allow for the lure to be both durable and lightweight.

Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Richardson as applied to claim 2 above. Richardson does not disclose the wire is floral wire having a diameter from 18 gauge to 32 gauge. However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to take the device of Richardson and use 18 to 32 gauge wire, so as to allow for the device to be both flexible and durable.

Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Richardson as applied to claim 5 above. Richardson does not disclose the shaft diameter is between 0.04 to 0.25 inches. However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to take the device of Richardson and add the shaft diameter of .025 to .04 inches in diameter, so as to allow for the lure to be both durable and lightweight.

Claims 4 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Richardson or Yost as modified by Richardson as applied to claims 1 or 2 above, and further in view of U.S. Patent No. 3,293,791 to Hinkson.

Referring to claim 4, Richardson and Yost as modified by Richardson do not disclose the core is coated in plastic. Hinkson does disclose the core – at 46, is coated in plastic – at 50.

Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to take the device of Richardson or Yost as modified by Richardson and add the plastic coating of Hinkson, so as to allow for the core to be protected from outside elements and fish bites.

Referring to claim 9, Yost and Richardson do not disclose the wire is wrapped around the bait in a spiral toward the hook to hold the bait on the tube. Hinkson does disclose the wire – at 46, is wrapped around the bait – at 40, in a spiral toward the hook- at 48, to hold the bait on the tube – at 50 – see for example figure 6. Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to take the device of Yost or Richardson and add the spiral wrapped wire of Hinkson, so as to allow for the bait to be securely held to the hook.

Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yost or Richardson as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of U.S. Patent No. 4,691,467 to Brimmer. Yost and Richardson do not disclose the tube is elastic and sized to stretch to receive

Application/Control Number: 10/828,943

Art Unit: 3643

and hold the bead near the tube end. Brimmer does disclose the tube – at 30, is elastic and sized

Page 7

to stretch and to receive and hold the bead – at 36, near the end of the tube – see for example

figures 3-5 and column 3 lines 16-44. Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary

skill in the art to take the device of Yost or Richardson and add the elastic tube of Brimmer, so as

to allow for the components of the device to be securely held together.

Claims 10-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yost or

Richardson as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of U.S. Patent No. 3,795,074 to

Mantel.

Referring to claims 10-11, Yost and Richardson do not disclose a rotating attracting

means being a blade mounted on the shaft. Mantel does disclose a rotating blade – at 38, attached

to the shaft – at 10 – see for example figures 1-2. Therefore it would have been obvious to one of

ordinary skill in the art to take the device of Yost or Richardson and add the blade of Mantel, so

as to allow for the lure to be more attractive to fish.

Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-13 have been considered but are moot in

view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Application/Control Number: 10/828,943 Page 8

Art Unit: 3643

6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's

disclosure.

The following patents are cited to further show the state of the art with respect to bait

holding fishing lures in general:

U.S. Pat. No. 2,054,976 to Gould – shows hook with bead and wire

U.S. Pat. No. 2,435,730 to Worden - shows lure with bead and shaft

U.S. Pat. No. 4,163,339 to Worden – shows lure with bead and wire

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to David J Parsley whose telephone number is (703) 306-0552. The

examiner can normally be reached on 9hr compressed.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Peter Poon can be reached on (703) 308-2574. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

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system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

David Parsley
Patent Examiner
Art Unit 3643

PETER M. POON

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

1/4/05